

350 New Cases Develop On Cruise of the Iris

SACRAMENTO, September 24.—Three hundred and fifty men of a complement of 603 on board the Iris, training ship of the United States Shipping Board, were victims of Spanish influenza during the trip made from San Francisco to San Pedro, according to a report made to Dr. W. H. Kellogg, secretary of the State Board of Health, by Dr. J. L. Pomeroy, health officer of Los Angeles county, to-day.

The Iris sailed from San Francisco on Friday, September 13, according to Dr. Pomeroy's report, and when three days out influenza broke out among the men and it spread so rapidly that by the end of the week 350 men were taken down with the disease. None of the cases resulted seriously, however.

According to Dr. Pomeroy's report, 200 new cadets were taken aboard the Iris before she sailed for San Pedro, and it is believed that the influenza was carried by one of these men.

Dr. Kellogg also received a report to-day of several cases of influenza at San Gabriel, Los Angeles county.

2,943 New Cases Are Reported in a Day

WASHINGTON, September 24.—The Public Health Service to-night announced 2,943 new cases of Spanish influenza in the United States had been reported during the past twenty-four hours. Pneumonia has developed in 390 cases during the same period. The number of deaths during the twenty-four hours was announced as 112, chiefly from pneumonia.

21 DIE IN SECOND DISTRICT.

NEWPORT (R. I.), September 24.—Twenty-one deaths and 135 new cases of influenza were reported in the Second Naval District to-day. The total deaths in the district due to the epidemic September 5 reached eighty-two to-night.

60 DIE AT CAMP DEVENS.

AYER (Mass.), September 24.—Sixty-six deaths were reported at Camp Devens from influenza or pneumonia to-day. Camp medical officers conferred to-day with civilian specialists regarding means of fighting the epidemic. Official reports to-night indicated that the general situation remained about the same with approximately 6,000 cases of influenza or pneumonia under treatment. Friends and relatives of sick men flocked to the camp in large numbers.